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COMBINED EFFECTS OF SMOKING, ANTI-EBNA ANTIBODIES, AND HLA-DRB1*1501 ON MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS RISK

To the Editor: I read the article by Simon et al.¹ with interest and speculate whether the link between multiple sclerosis (MS) and smoking is asso-

ciated with the high content of biologically available aluminum found in tobacco.² Data have already shown that there is a link between MS and the body burden of aluminum.³

Christopher Exley, Staffordshire, UK

Disclosure: During the last 2 years, Dr. Exley has served as an editorial board member for the *Journal of Alzheimer's Disease* and received funding from industry (Danone) and UK research councils (NERC) to support 2 PhD studentships.

Editor's Note: The authors of the article were offered the opportunity to respond but declined.

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CORRECTION

Beyond hippocampal sclerosis: The rewired hippocampus in temporal lobe epilepsy

In the editorial “Beyond hippocampal sclerosis: The rewired hippocampus in temporal lobe epilepsy” by M. Madden and T. Sutula (*Neurology*® 2009;73:1008–1009), the last sentence in the second paragraph should be revised as follows: “Evidence of the permanence of reorganization included bilateral sprouting in patients, including a 92-year-old patient, who were seizure-free for as long as 34 years.” The editorialists note that the error in the published article did not alter the major perspective in their editorial comments or diminish the importance of contributions by Thom et al. The editorialists apologize for the error.

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Beyond hippocampal sclerosis: The rewired hippocampus in temporal lobe epilepsy

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