Teaching *NeuroImages*: Multiple giant intracranial aneurysms in Klippel-Trenaunay syndrome

Yong Woo Kim, MD
Namju Kim, MD
Jeong-Min Hwang, MD
Ho-Kyung Choung, MD
Sang In Khwarg, MD

Correspondence to
Dr. Kim:
resourceful@hanmail.net

Figure 1 Clinical features of Klippel-Trenaunay syndrome

Cutaneous capillary malformation on the right hand, hemihypertrophy of the left lower extremity, bony and soft tissue hypertrophy of right toe, and varicose vein on right leg confirmed the diagnosis of Klippel-Trenaunay syndrome.

A 40-year-old woman presented with horizontal diplopia and right proptosis for 1 month. She had esotropia and right abducens nerve palsy. Pupils were small and equal and there was no relative afferent pupillary defect. A cutaneous capillary malformation, hypertrophy of bone and soft tissue, and varicose veins on lower extremities were consistent with the diagnostic triad of Klippel-Trenaunay syndrome (KTS) (figure 1).¹ Orbital CT revealed multiple giant intracranial aneurysms (figure 2).

The mesodermal abnormality in KTS is due to somatic mutation, especially in hemangioblastic, lymphoblastic, and osteoblastic processes during embryogenesis.² Vascular malformations combined with KTS usually originate from slow flow systems, such as capillary, lymphatic, and venous systems.¹ However, arterial

aneurysms are reported in the literature, though only 8 cases of intracranial aneurysms have been reported so far.² Our patient had mild ophthalmic symptoms associated with potentially life-threatening multiple giant intracranial aneurysms, unlike previous cases.

The present case emphasizes the importance of prompt cerebrovascular imaging in patients with KTS with neurologic or ophthalmic symptoms.

AUTHOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Yong Woo Kim, MD: data collection, interpretation of data, drafting and revision of the manuscript. Namju Kim, MD: data collection, interpretation of data, drafting and revision of the manuscript. Jeong-Min Hwang, MD: interpretation of data, drafting and revision of the manuscript. Ho-Kyung Choung, MD: interpretation of data, drafting and revision of the manuscript. Sang In Khwarg, MD: interpretation of data, drafting and revision of the manuscript.

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From the Department of Ophthalmology (Y.W.K., S.I.K.), Seoul National University College of Medicine, Seoul National University Hospital, Seoul; the Department of Ophthalmology (N.K., J.-M.H.), Seoul National University College of Medicine, Seoul National University Bundang Hospital, Seongnam; and the Department of Ophthalmology (H.-K.C.), Seoul National University College of Medicine, SMG-SNU Boramae Medical Center, Seoul, Korea.

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Figure 2 Orbital CT images

Orbital CT demonstrates multiple giant fusiform intracranial aneurysms, maximal diameter of 34 mm, from bilateral internal carotid artery, basilar artery, and right posterior cerebral artery.

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DISCLOSURE

The authors report no disclosures relevant to the manuscript. Go to Neurology.org for full disclosures.

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