Table *IFN γ -secreting cells (s.c.) in multiple sclerosis patients treated with IFN β -1b*

Group	Number of IFN γ s.c. cultured ex vivo in medium at baseline	Number of IFN γ s.c. cultured ex vivo in medium while on IFN β -1b
MS patients at 24 hr	7.5 $\pm$ 2.17 (12)*	9.14 $\pm$ 3.06
MS patients at 1 wk	4.0 $\pm$ 0.97 (12)	6.29 $\pm$ 1.13
MS patients at 2–10 wk	2.76 $\pm$ 0.86 (9)	4.34 $\pm$ 1.32
MS patients beyond 3 mo	5.71 $\pm$ 1.97 (7)	1.85 $\pm$ 0.37
MS patients receiving prednisone 24 hr-3 mo	4.33 $\pm$ 1.27 (9)	3.14 $\pm$ 0.6

* Mean number of IFN γ s.c./10⁵ cells $\pm$ S.E.M. Number of subjects in parentheses.

erable variations among the groups studied at baseline. Nonetheless, the number of cells secreting IFN γ “spontaneously” is higher 24 hours after starting IFN β -1b treatment than for the same patients at baseline. The same holds at one week, and at 2–10 weeks. For patients studied one week after beginning treatment, the increase in cells that secrete IFN γ “spontaneously” is significant when compared to baseline values for the same patients ($p < 0.02$). IFN γ secreting cells were lower than baseline values in six of the seven patients studied after more than 3 months of treatment, but the difference failed to reach statistical significance. Prednisone-treated patients showed no change in IFN γ secreting cell numbers while on treatment, as was the case with ConA

stimulation as well. Overall, the data complement and reinforce those presented in the paper.

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Corrections

In “Report of the AAN Task Force on access to health care: The effect of no personal health insurance on health care for people with neurologic disorders,” that appeared in the May issue (*Neurology* 1996;47:1471–1480), the name of a member of the Task Force was inadvertently omitted from **Appendix 1**. The omitted individual is Edgar J. Kenton, III, MD, Division of Neurology, Lankenau Hospital, Philadelphia, PA.

The following is an addendum to the article, “Obsessive-compulsive disorder associated with brain lesions: Clinical phenomenology, cognitive function, and anatomic correlates,” by Berthier et al., that appeared in the August issue (*Neurology* 1996;47:353–361): **Note.** Readers can obtain 8 pages of supplementary material from the National Auxiliary Publications Service, c/o Microfiche Publications, PO Box 3513, Grand Central Station, New York, NY 10163-3513. Request document no. 05331. Remit with your order (not under separate cover), in US funds only, \$7.75 for photocopies or \$5.00 for microfiche. Outside the United States and Canada, add postage of \$4.50 for the first 20 pages and \$1.00 for each 10 pages of material thereafter, or \$1.75 for the first microfiche and \$.50 for each fiche thereafter. *There is a \$15.00 invoicing charge on all orders filled before payment.*

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