Cutaneous T-cell lymphoma imitating gelsolin amyloidosis

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A 55-year-old woman developed painless, progressive, lower facial drooping and swelling over 2 years. Her family history was unremarkable. She had marked buccal and temporal wasting and labial edema with cellulitis (figure, A). Electromyography demonstrated bilateral, chronic, active facial neuropathies. Spinal fluid was normal. Cranial, contrast-enhanced, fat-suppressed MRI revealed an abnormal, infiltrating, soft tissue process (see figure, B, arrows). On buccal biopsy, this process was identified as a cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (TCL). The patient has undergone aggressive chemotherapy and is currently in remission. She is considering undergoing reconstructive facial surgery for cosmetic purposes.

The patient’s facial appearance is reminiscent of patients with gelsolin-related familial amyloidosis, Finnish type, associated with corneal lattice dystrophy.1 Cutaneous TCL rarely causes neurologic sequelae.2

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