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### CORRECTION

#### Amelioration of osteoporosis and hypovitaminosis D by sunlight exposure in stroke patients

In the article “Amelioration of osteoporosis and hypovitaminosis D by sunlight exposure in stroke patients” by Y. Sato et al. (*Neurology*<sup>®</sup> 2003;61:338–342), the data regarding the number of falls per subject were incorrect. The Results section should have stated that the number of falls per subject was  $0.9 \pm 1.5$  in the untreated group and  $0.7 \pm 1.3$  in the sunlight-exposed group. After the correction and recalculation, there is still no significant difference between the two groups in the number of falls per subject during the study period. The authors regret the error.

### CORRECTION

#### A composite score to predict short-term disease activity in patients with relapsing-remitting MS

In the article “A composite score to predict short-term disease activity in patients with relapsing-remitting MS” by M.P. Sormani et al. (*Neurology*<sup>®</sup> 2007;69:1230–1235), there is a discrepancy between the data in the text and the data in table 2. The hazard ratios (HRs) of prior 2-year relapses and Gd-enhancing lesions are reversed in the text compared to those reported in table 2 (page 1232: table 2 and Results section). The correct values are those reported in table 2. Therefore, the second sentence in the Results section should be changed to the following: “The variables included in the final model as independent predictors of relapse occurrence were the number of enhancing lesions (HR = 1.03, 95% CI = 1.02 to 1.05,  $p < 0.001$ ) and the number of relapses during the previous 2 years (HR = 1.22, 95% CI = 1.11 to 1.33,  $p < 0.001$ ).” The authors regret the error.

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## CORRECTION

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