A 30-year-old man presented with episodic severe left orbital pain associated with ipsilateral lacrimation, rhinorrhea, and conjunctival injection. Attacks lasted 15–60 minutes, occurred two to four times per month, and partially resolved with verapamil and sumatriptan. Examination was normal apart from reduced sensation over the left maxillary nerve. MRI demonstrated a tumor arising from the left trigeminal nerve (figure, A and B). The tumor was surgically resected and the headaches resolved completely. Histology confirmed a grade II choroid meningioma. Many headache experts recommend mandatory neuroimaging in patients with new onset trigeminal-autonomic cephalalgia to exclude secondary causes, especially in those with atypical features such as cranial neuropathies or unusual periodicity.

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