A 51-year-old woman was admitted with 2 days of progressive drowsiness and bradyphrenia. On examination, she had blood pressure of 125/75 mm Hg and a pulse of 68 beats/minute. She aroused to verbal stimuli, and her answers were correct but slow. There was no focal weakness or numbness, and reflexes were normal. Brain MRI revealed lesions in bilateral thalami and right caudate nucleus (figure, A) and vein of Galen thrombosis (figure, B). After treatment, the lesions of bilateral thalami and right caudate nucleus disappeared (C), and the vein of Galen was patent (D).

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Teaching NeuroImages: Reversible bilateral thalamic lesions in vein of Galen thrombosis
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