

NDPH is required to determine if there is a treatment-responsive subgroup.

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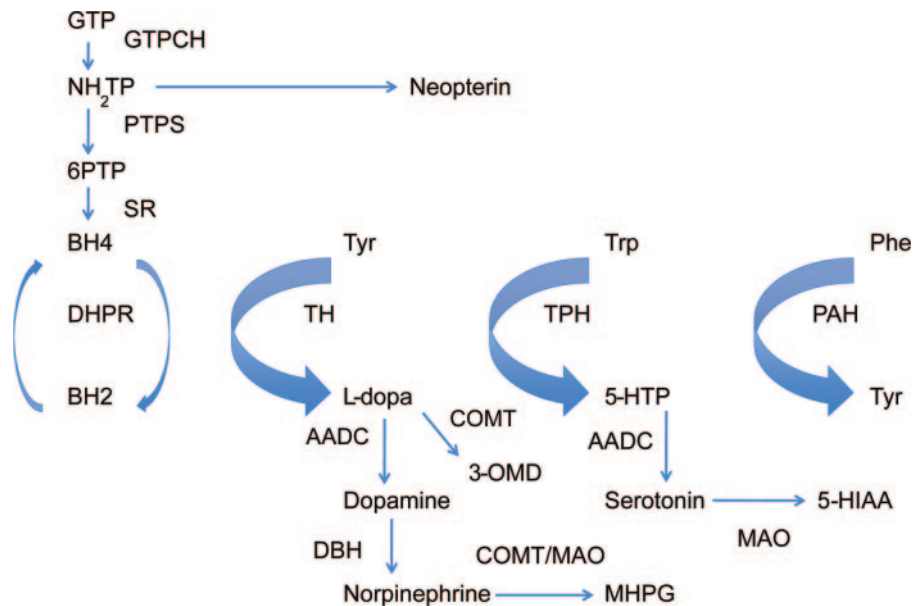
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## CORRECTION

### Movers and shakers: Diagnosing neurotransmitter diseases with CSF

In the editorial “Movers and shakers: Diagnosing neurotransmitter diseases with CSF” by M.C. Patterson (*Neurology*® 2010;75:15–17), there are 2 labels missing and 1 incorrect label in figure 1. COMT catalyzes the conversion of L-dopa to 3-O-methyldopa and COMT/MAO catalyzes the conversion of norepinephrine to MHPG; AADC catalyzes the conversion of L-dopa to dopamine. The corrected figure is reprinted below. The author regrets the error.

**Figure 1** Pathways of biogenic amine synthesis and degradation



AADC = aromatic amino acid decarboxylase deficiency; BH2 = 7,8-dihydrobiopterin; BH4 = tetrahydrobiopterin; COMT = catechol-O-methyltransferase; DBH = dopamine β-hydroxylase; DHPR = dihydropteridine reductase; GTP = guanosine triphosphate; GTPCH = guanosine triphosphate cyclohydrolase; 5-HIAA = 5-hydroxyindoleacetic acid; 5-HTP = 5-hydroxytryptophan; MAO = monoamine oxidase; MHPG = 3-methoxy-4-hydroxyphenylglycol; NH<sub>2</sub>TP = dihydroneopterin triphosphate; 3-OMD = 3-O-methyldopa; PAH = phenylalanine hydroxylase; Phe = phenylalanine; 6PTP = 6-pyruvoyltetrahydropterin; PTPS = 6-pyruvoyltetrahydropterin synthase; SR = sepiapterin reductase; TH = tyrosine hydroxylase; TPH = tryptophan hydroxylase; Trp = tryptophan; Tyr = tyrosine.

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## **Movers and shakers: Diagnosing neurotransmitter diseases with CSF**

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