A 10-year-old boy presented with sudden-onset left leg monoplegia. Imaging (figures 1 and 2) revealed complex vascular malformations involving the brain and spinal cord but ophthalmologic and skin examinations were normal. Wyburn-Mason syndrome is a rare phakomatosis characterized by unilateral arteriovenous malformations involving the retina, brain, and sometimes skin.\textsuperscript{1,2} We propose that Wyburn-Mason syndrome actually represents a continuous spectrum of disease, rather than a distinct syndrome, with some patients lacking the classic retinal and cutaneous findings. Even so, clinicians should be aware of the classic presentation and should assess any patient with a complex unilateral intracranial vascular malformation for retinal involvement.

**REFERENCES**

Teaching NeuroImages: Atypical Wyburn-Mason syndrome
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