A 76-year-old woman had progressive memory loss for 2 years. Neurologic examination confirmed the memory deficit and also demonstrated ideative-ideomotor apraxia and visuospatial disturbances (Mini-Mental State Examination 17/30). A diagnosis of probable Alzheimer disease dementia (AD) was formulated. She showed
us notebooks filled with drawings she had completed as a hobby, covering a period form before the illness (figure 1) to the present (figure 2). These sketches provide an inside into AD-related changes in creativity and visuospatial skills.\(^1\) Drawing performance is related to perceptual and executive dysfunctions in the visuospatial domain.

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Study funding: No targeted funding reported.

Disclosure: The authors report no disclosures relevant to the manuscript. Go to Neurology.org for full disclosures.

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