Notable from our podcast

The January 23, 2018, featured interview highlights an article on collateral circulation in proximal arterial occlusions and extending the scope of thrombolytic therapy. In the second segment, you will hear an interview on hormones and migraine management.

NPub.org/podcast

Author tip

Neurology[®] strives to publish superb studies in clinical neurology. Peer reviewers' opinions of manuscripts are invaluable in assisting the Editor-in-Chief and Associate Editors in making their decisions. In addition to helping assess the value of a manuscript for the scientific literature and neurology in particular, reviewers help authors to improve their manuscripts by recommending areas for the author to address (either for *Neurology* or an alternate journal if a manuscript is ultimately rejected by *Neurology*).

In return for reviewing, you will keep up with the field and gain understanding that will improve the quality of your own studies and how you report them. In appreciation of your service to the journal, your name will be included in a list we publish twice each year of reviewers who have reviewed for us during the last 6 months. Superb reviewers may be chosen to sit on *Neurology*'s Editorial Board.

If you are interested in reviewing, contact us at journal@neurology.org and include a series of keywords on topics in which you have expertise to help us determine appropriate papers for you to review.

From the AAN press room

Visit AAN.com/pressroom for the latest press releases.

Are there signs of CTE in the brain tissue of younger people with epilepsy?

Younger adults with difficult-to-treat epilepsy may have early signs of chronic traumatic encephalopathy (CTE) in their brain tissue, but it appears to be uncommon. "Previous studies have found signs of CTE in up to a quarter or even a third of older people with epilepsy, so our aim was to determine if such signs could be found in the brains of younger people with epilepsy," said study author Gregory D. Cascino, MD, of the Mayo Clinic in Rochester, Minnesota, Associate Editor for *Neurology*, and a Fellow of the American Academy of Neurology. "Only 1 of our 10 study participants had signs of CTE, but because our study was small, more research needs to be done to confirm our findings."

Jones AL, Britton JW, Blessing MM, Parisi JE, Cascino JD. 2018;90:e474-e478.

CME

Focal myositis: New insights on diagnosis and pathology

Page 541

Early vs late age at onset frontotemporal dementia and frontotemporal lobar degeneration

Page 545

Most-Read Articles

As of December 19, 2017

The terrorist inside my husband's brain

S. Schneider Williams 2016;87:1308-1311

Evidence-based guideline update: Pharmacologic treatment for episodic migraine prevention in adults

S.D. Silberstein, S. Holland, F. Freitag, et al. 2012;78:1337-1345

Practice parameter: therapies for benign paroxysmal positional vertigo (an evidence-based review)

T.D. Fife, D.J. Iverson, T. Lempert, et al. 2008;70:2067-2074

Self-treatment of benign paroxysmal positional vertigo

A. Radtke, M. von Brevern, K. Tiel-Wilck, et al. 2004;63:150-152

Evidence-based guideline: management of an unprovoked first seizure in adults

A. Krumholz, S. Wiebe, G.S. Gronseth, et al. 2015;84:1705-1713

Neurology[®]

What's happening in *Neurology*[®]
Neurology 2018;90;549
DOI 10.1212/WNL.0000000000005151

This information is current as of March 19, 2018

Updated Information & Services

including high resolution figures, can be found at:
<http://n.neurology.org/content/90/12/549.full>

Permissions & Licensing

Information about reproducing this article in parts (figures, tables) or in its entirety can be found online at:
http://www.neurology.org/about/about_the_journal#permissions

Reprints

Information about ordering reprints can be found online:
<http://n.neurology.org/subscribers/advertise>

Neurology® is the official journal of the American Academy of Neurology. Published continuously since 1951, it is now a weekly with 48 issues per year. Copyright © 2018 American Academy of Neurology. All rights reserved. Print ISSN: 0028-3878. Online ISSN: 1526-632X.