A 64-year-old woman with a family history of aneurysmal subarachnoid hemorrhage was diagnosed with an incidental aneurysm during screening. The aneurysm was treated with flow diversion (figure 1). Two months later, she complained of headache and intermittent word-finding difficulty. Brain MRI demonstrated multiple areas of nodular enhancement ipsilateral to the treated aneurysm (figure 2A). After a 6-week course of oral steroids, both the radiologic findings and her symptoms resolved (figure 2, C and D). This patient’s clinical course and imaging findings are consistent with a foreign body reaction occasionally seen after endovascular treatment. This is related to an allergic reaction to microparticles sheared from catheters/devices during endovascular procedures.1,2

Author contributions
Enrico Giordan: manuscript preparation, drafting manuscript, collection of data and figures, approval of final version. Waleed Brinjikji: manuscript preparation, drafting manuscript,

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**References**

**Figure 2** Brain MRI shows presentation, progression, and resolution of foreign body reaction

(A) T1-contrast-enhanced MRI 2 months after treatment shows nodular enhancement in the left frontal and parietal lobes (arrowheads). (B) T2-enhanced/fluid-attenuated inversion recovery MRI shows marked edema/T2 changes in the region of nodular enhancement (arrow). (C) Four months later, MRI shows marked reduction in enhancement and (D) improvement in edema/T2 changes (arrowheads).

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