Aerobic exercise improves cognition and cerebrovascular regulation in older adults

Neurology® 2020;95:890. doi:10.1212/WNL.0000000000010637

In the article “Aerobic exercise improves cognition and cerebrovascular regulation in older adults” by Guadagni et al.,¹ the tests mentioned should read “Card Sorting Test” and “Color-Word Interference Test.” The authors regret the errors.

Reference

1. Guadagni V, Drogos LL, Tyndall AV, et al. Aerobic exercise improves cognition and cerebrovascular regulation in older adults. *Neurology* 2020;94:e2245–e2257.

Clinical and neural responses to cognitive behavioral therapy for functional tremor

Neurology® 2020;95:890. doi:10.1212/WNL.0000000000010608

In the article “Clinical and neural responses to cognitive behavioral therapy for functional tremor” by Espay et al.,¹ the final data point in figure 4 for HAM-D correlation should be 0.81, higher than originally reported. This change does not alter the interpretation of the analysis. The authors regret the error.

Reference

1. Espay AJ, Ries S, Maloney T, et al. Clinical and neural responses to cognitive behavioral therapy for functional tremor. *Neurology* 2019;93:e1787–e1798.

Ictal quantitative surface electromyography correlates with postictal EEG suppression

Neurology® 2020;95:890. doi:10.1212/WNL.0000000000010638

In the article “Ictal quantitative surface electromyography correlates with postictal EEG suppression” by Arbune et al.,¹ reference 12 should be “Bateman LM, Mendiratta A, Liou JY, et al. Postictal clinical and electroencephalographic activity following intracranially recorded bilateral tonic-clonic seizures. *Epilepsia* 2019;60:74–84.” The authors regret the error.

Reference

1. Arbune AA, Conradsen I, Cardenas DP, et al. Ictal quantitative surface electromyography correlates with postictal EEG suppression. *Neurology* 2020;94:e2567–e2576.

Neurology[®]

Clinical and neural responses to cognitive behavioral therapy for functional tremor

Neurology 2020;95;890 Published Online before print August 11, 2020

DOI 10.1212/WNL.00000000000010608

This information is current as of August 11, 2020

Updated Information & Services

including high resolution figures, can be found at:
<http://n.neurology.org/content/95/19/890.2.full>

References

This article cites 1 articles, 1 of which you can access for free at:
<http://n.neurology.org/content/95/19/890.2.full#ref-list-1>

Permissions & Licensing

Information about reproducing this article in parts (figures, tables) or in its entirety can be found online at:
http://www.neurology.org/about/about_the_journal#permissions

Reprints

Information about ordering reprints can be found online:
<http://n.neurology.org/subscribers/advertise>

Neurology® is the official journal of the American Academy of Neurology. Published continuously since 1951, it is now a weekly with 48 issues per year. Copyright © 2020 American Academy of Neurology. All rights reserved. Print ISSN: 0028-3878. Online ISSN: 1526-632X.