A Prospective Study of Neurologic Disorders in Hospitalized Patients With COVID-19 in New York City

Jennifer A. Frontera, MD, Sakinah Sabadia, MD, Rebecca Lalchan, DO, et al.

Study Question
What are the prevalence rates and associated mortality rates for well-defined neurologic diagnoses in patients with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)?

What Is Known and What This Paper Adds
Clinicians have noted the occurrence of diverse neurologic events in patients with COVID-19, but a paucity of prospective data has hindered efforts at ascertaining diagnosis-specific prevalence rates. This investigation’s results show that neurologic events occur in more than a tenth of patients with COVID-19 and are associated with elevated risks of mortality.

Methods
For this prospective longitudinal observational study, the investigators followed 4,491 adults with COVID-19 admitted to 4 hospitals that are part of the same academic center located in and around New York City between March 10 and May 20 of 2020. The investigators noted neurologist-diagnosed cases of neurologic events, and they used a Cox proportional hazards model to compare patients with and without neurologic diagnoses in terms of in-hospital mortality risks and discharge outcomes.

Results and Study Limitations
Overall, 606 patients (13.5%) developed a new neurologic disorder during their hospitalizations, with the median interval from onset of COVID-19 to the onset of a neurologic disorder being 2 days (interquartile range, 0–13 days). The most common diagnoses were toxic/metabolic encephalopathy (6.8%), seizure (1.6%), stroke (1.9%), and hypoxic/ischemic injury (1.4%). In contrast, no patients had meningitis/encephalitis or myelopathy/myelitis attributable to severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2. Relative to patients without neurologic diagnoses, those with neurologic diagnoses were older and more likely to be male, white, hypertensive, and diabetic. They were at higher risk of in-hospital mortality (hazard ratio [HR], 1.38; 95% confidence interval [CI], 1.17–1.62) and had lower likelihoods of discharge to their homes (HR, 0.72; 95% CI, 0.63–0.85).

Study Funding and Competing Interests
This study received no funding. Some authors report receiving funding from the NIH and the University of Pittsburgh. Go to Neurology.org/N for full disclosures.

Table
Comparisons of Outcomes in Patients With and Without Neurologic Diagnoses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Percentage dying in the hospital</th>
<th>Percentage discharge to home</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>With neurologic diagnoses</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without neurologic diagnoses</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>67%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A Prospective Study of Neurologic Disorders in Hospitalized Patients With COVID-19 in New York City
Jennifer A. Frontera, Sakinah Sabadia, Rebecca Lalchan, et al.
Neurology 2021;96:e575-e586 Published Online before print October 5, 2020
DOI 10.1212/WNL.0000000000010979

This information is current as of October 5, 2020

Updated Information & Services
including high resolution figures, can be found at:
http://n.neurology.org/content/96/4/e575.full

References
This article cites 33 articles, 6 of which you can access for free at:
http://n.neurology.org/content/96/4/e575.full#ref-list-1

Citations
This article has been cited by 4 HighWire-hosted articles:
http://n.neurology.org/content/96/4/e575.full##otherarticles

Subspecialty Collections
This article, along with others on similar topics, appears in the following collection(s):
Cohort studies
http://n.neurology.org/cgi/collection/cohort_studies
COVID-19
http://n.neurology.org/cgi/collection/covid_19
Critical care
http://n.neurology.org/cgi/collection/critical_care
Prevalence studies
http://n.neurology.org/cgi/collection/prevalence_studies
Prognosis
http://n.neurology.org/cgi/collection/prognosis

Permissions & Licensing
Information about reproducing this article in parts (figures, tables) or in its entirety can be found online at:
http://www.neurology.org/about/about_the_journal#permissions

Reprints
Information about ordering reprints can be found online:
http://n.neurology.org/subscribers/advertise

Neurology® is the official journal of the American Academy of Neurology. Published continuously since 1951, it is now a weekly with 48 issues per year. Copyright © 2020 American Academy of Neurology. All rights reserved. Print ISSN: 0028-3878. Online ISSN: 1526-632X.